

WE SEE WHAT WE MEASURE

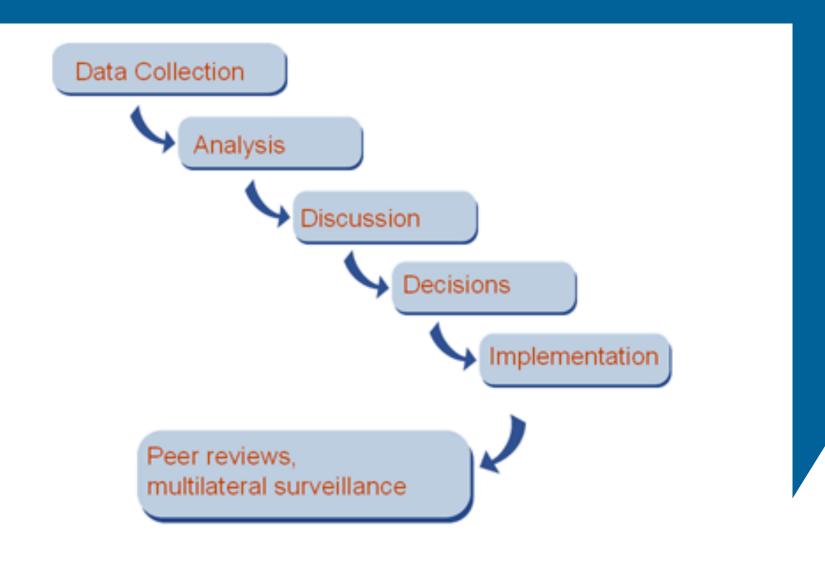
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This presentation reflects my personal views and does not engage the OECD nor its member countries.



OECD's way of working









OECD Better Life Index



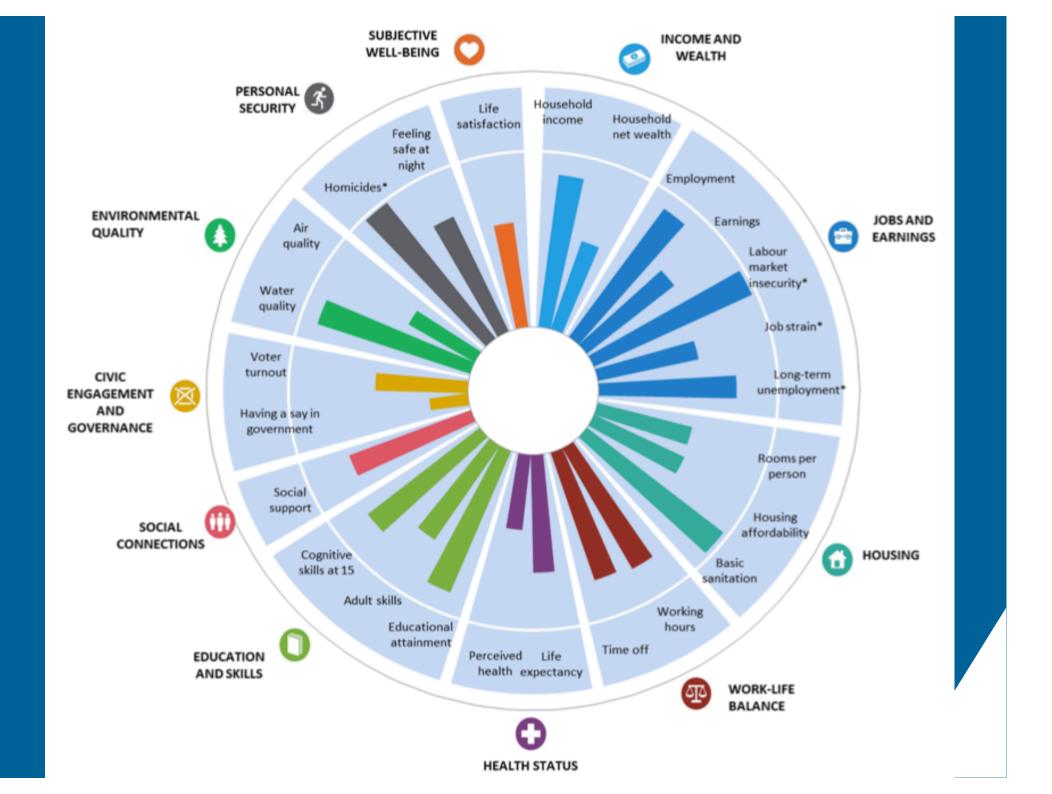




- Community
- Education
- Environment



- Health
- Life Satisfaction
- Safety
- Work-Life Balance





Comparing country performance





User centric approach





User centric approach





Inequality on multiple dimensions

Vertical inequality

- Horizontal inequality
 - Gender
 - Age
 - Education

Deprivation



Well-being inequalities in Germany

	top third of OECD countries	Horizontal inequality			ality by	
	middle third of OECD countries		Gender	Age	Education	
	bottom third of OECD countries	Vertical		Young		B
0	data gaps	inequality	Women	relative to	Secondary	Deprivation
	no measures		relative to men	middle-	relative to tertiary	
			to men	aged	tertiary	
	Household income	0		0		<u> </u>
	Household net wealth				0	
	Eamings	0			0	
(2)	Low pay					
	Employment		0	0		
	Unemployment					
	Housing affordability					
W	Rooms per person					
	Life expectancy	0				
)	Perceived health		0	0	0	
472	Working hours		0	0		
	Time off			0		
<u></u>	Educational attainment					
	Cognitive skills at 15					
	Adult skills			0	0	<u> </u>
	Time spent socialising			0		
9	Social support			0	0	
\boxtimes	Voter turnout			0	0	
	Having a say in government				0	<u> </u>
0	Air quality					
	Water quality		0	0		
7	Homicides					
4	Feeling safe at night		0		0	0
0	Life satisfaction	0	0	0	0	
	Negative affect balance					0



Outcomes for different population groups

Comparison of migrants' and native-born wellbeing in Germany

	Migrants have a worse situation	Same situation	Migrants have a better situation
Household income	A		
Wealth	A		
Physical health risks at work	A		
Literacy scores	A		
PISA score	A		
Perceived health		A	
Social support		A	
Perceived safety		A	
Having a say in government	A		
Life satisfaction	A		



Regional breakdown

Environment



Berlin reaches **3.1** / 10 points in **Environment.**





reset

OECD countries / Germany

Berlin

This puts the region in position **15** / 16 regions in Germany.





Compared across all OECD regions, the region is in the **bottom 22%** in **Environment**.



Indicators

Income

Average level of PM2.5 in the region experienced by the population: **14.8** $\mu g/m^3$



ıre



Prospects for future well-being

Natural capital					
Indicator	Tier	Change			
Greenhouse gas emissions from domestic production	2	Ŋ	2005-2015		
CO ₂ emissions from domestic consumption	2	Ŋ	2001-2011		
Exposure to PM2.5 air pollution	2	⇔	2005-2013		
Forest area	₿	⇔	2005-2014		
Renewable freshwater resources	₿		Long-term annual avg		
Freshwater abstractions	2		2013		
Threatened birds	8		Latest available		
Threatened mammals	8		Latest available		
Threatened plants	₿		Latest available		

Human capital					
Indicator	Tier	Change			
Young adult educational attainment	2	⇔	2014-2016		
Educational expectancy	•		2015		
Cognitive skills at age 15	•		2015		
Adult skills	2		2011/2012		
Long-term unemployment	2	Ŋ	2011-2016		
Life expectancy at birth	8		2005-2015		
Smoking prevalence	2	₽	2005-2013		
Obesity prevalence	₿		2012		



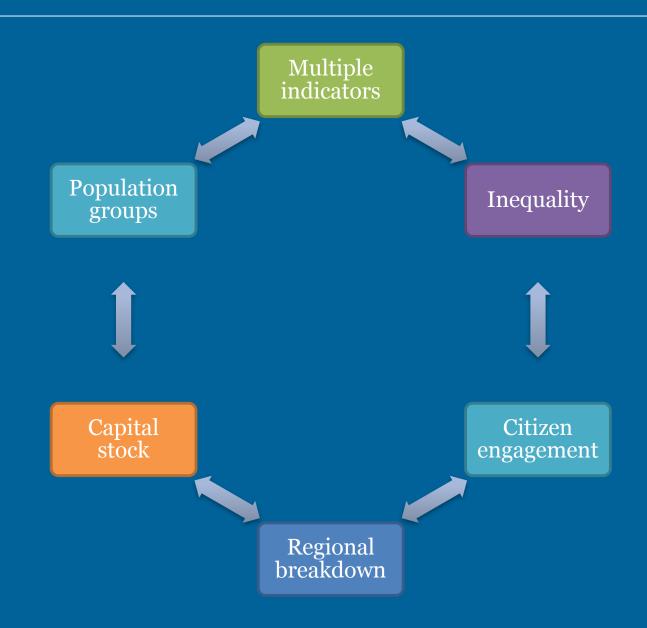
Prospects for future well-being

Economic capital				
Indicator	Tier	Change		
Produced fixed assets	0	₯	2005-2015	
Gross fixed capital formation	2	₯	2005-2016	
Financial net worth of total economy	0	Ŋ	2005-2016	
Intellectual property assets	0	₽.	2005-2015	
Investment in R&D	0	Ŋ	2005-2014	
Household debt	0	Ŋ	2005-2015	
Household net wealth	2	Ŋ	2010-2014	
Financial net worth of government	2	Ŋ	2005-2015	
Banking sector leverage	₿	∿	2005-2015	

Social capital				
Indicator	Tier	Change		
Trust in others	₿		2013	
Trust in the police	2		2013	
Trust in the national government	0	Ø	2005-2016	
Voter turnout	2	∿	2005-2013	
Government stakeholder engagement	2		2014	
Volunteering through organisations	0		2011/2012	



OECD Better Life Index





- Do we measure the right thing?
- Data gaps
- Meaningful time series
- More intensive public engagement
- Policy relevance



THANK YOU!

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